

We are in no way responsible for the views or opinions of our Correspondents.

GORDON.

The whole South look with pride upon General Gordon. During the war he did his duty gallantly as an officer of the lost cause, and since the war he has been a faithful champion of the South in Congress. Even the Northern press cannot conceal their high opinion of him. Although it is not much of a compliment to say that he is one of the ablest men in Congress, we believe it will be so admitted. He is fluent, graceful, handsome, sensible and eloquent; and, to crown it all, a man of high-toned christian principles. None of the intense hatred of the South which is belched forth in the vulgar harangues of Butler and his crew cause him for a moment to lose his equilibrium. He answers their slanderous epithets with calm and dignified argument, eloquent on account of truth. He is no time-serving politician, but a broad-minded and broader-hearted statesman, who will be marked in history as a great man in his generation. If we had space we would give the whole of his recent speech, but we must suffice with only a few short extracts. He says in one place:

Do the Southern people differ so widely from the rest of mankind that the laws of action which apply to others are inapplicable to them? They have the same instincts of self-defence; the same love of self-government, of justice, of humanity, of peace and of law; the same pride of race; the same devotion to liberty and detestation of tyranny which have marked the Anglo-Saxon race and crowned it with honor at every step of its progress and in every quarter of the globe. Sir, what does reason teach us? Are the Southern people so blinded that they would seek to make an enemy of the negro, upon whose labor and good will all their prosperity depends? Are they so lost to every impulse of humanity that they would seek to destroy a race to whose fidelity during the war, when an army was in their midst with freedom written upon its banners, they entrusted with perfect confidence their wives, their homes and their children—a race which, faithful, docile and law-abiding by nature, has only been made arrogant, aggressive and lawless under the tutelage of bad men in their midst? Such assumptions are neither suggested by reason nor supported by fact.

And again in concluding:

"But, sir, we have one hope left. Talleyrand said that he knew one who was wiser than Voltaire, had more understanding than Napoleon and all his ministers, and that one was public opinion."

"Sir, there is a great public opinion in these United States—an American sentiment which is the hope of Louisiana and the talisman of the South. And in the name of Louisiana and of a common inheritance of self-government, I appeal from the bar of the Senate to the bar of that American sentiment. It is higher than senates, more powerful than parties. It will not permit us longer to hold out hope to Louisiana only to doom her to death. It will not permit us longer to whisper in her ear the high-sounding words of self-government and of constitutional law, while these words mean to her but the pompous trappings which cover the dead body of a prostrate Commonwealth. It will not permit us to longer hold in vassalage a large body of our fellow-countrymen who are vindicated by their own words and by your republican committee, and who, when their trials and persecutions and wrongs are known, whatever may have been their mistakes, their follies or their crimes, will stand vindicated before the bar of all the future, and of Him who shall judge us all, as furnishing an example of heroic endurance and of patient forbearance under wrong unparalleled in history and ludicrous in despair."

GENERAL NEWS.

Representative Bell, of Georgia, in his speech on the Louisiana question made passing mention of affairs in South Carolina. He said:

"Mr. Speaker, it is a singular thing that so much horror is manifested at the white leagues of the South and none against the black leagues. It is notorious that almost the entire body of colored voters in the South are members of oath-bound leagues, meeting in darkness, and many of them armed and incited to the most deadly hostility to white men by bad men of the republican party for selfish partisan ends. But no word of complaint or rebuke escapes republican lips, no republican press teems with denunciations of them, and no arm of federal power is bared for their suppression. The midnight heavens blush in redness with the flames of burning dwellings and gin-houses in South Carolina, and the lieutenant-general of the army advises no suspension of the writ of habeas corpus that he may summarily try the incendiary and punish the arson. Why is this? Is it because the turpitude of crime consists in the color of the perpetrator; or is it because it is done by those who maintain a negro despotism over the people of that suffering State? Why is there no condemnation of the black leagues in the South? Is it because they were organized by adventurers in the interest of the republican party that they are not condemned?"

LARGE FIRE IN CAMDEN.—On February 20 a fire broke out in Camden which resulted in the loss of between fifteen and twenty thousand dollars. No insurance. The post office, together with the auditor's, treasurer's, General Kershaw's law office, the stores of J. C. Rollings and John Page, and Mrs. Maroney's dwelling, were all destroyed. The origin of the fire is not known.

The two papers in Sumter, which have

been at war with each other for a long time, have at last buried the hatchet. A committee of prominent citizens took the matter in hand and decided that each paper should mutually and simultaneously retract every article of a personal character written in either.

General James Longstreet has left Louisiana and become a citizen of Georgia. He has purchased a farm in White county, and proposes to engage largely in the rearing of sheep. His residence will be in Gainesville.

North Carolina has 366,000 more persons to govern than this State, and yet she only spends one-fourth as much as we agree to spend hereafter, and not a twentieth of what we have spent for printing in previous years.

New York, with a population more than six times as large as South Carolina, expended in 1874 a hundred thousand dollars less for printing than South Carolina.

The recent speech of Hon. Ben. Hill, in Atlanta, produced a profound impression. In fact, Mr. Hill is recognized as one of the brightest gems in the galaxy of Georgia's gifted men.

Hon. Allen T. Carpenter, elected United States Senator from West Virginia, on Feb. 17th, was a senator in the Confederate Congress, and is highly esteemed by all parties.

Hon. Charles W. Jones, the newly elected senator from Florida, is a democrat of liberal views.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Mr. KIRK ROBINSON is authorized to collect and receipt for advertisements and subscriptions to the Times.

Our friends wishing to have advertisements inserted in the TIMES, must hand them in by Monday morning, 10 o'clock.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One Copy for one year, \$2.00
" " " Six Months, 1.00

Office Hours at Orangeburg Depot.
From 8 o'clock A. M. to 2 o'clock P. M.
From 3 o'clock P. M. to 5 o'clock P. M.
Goods will neither be received or delivered outside of these hours.

Weather delightful and balmy.

Mr. Kohn will soon commence his brick store.

Mr. Ezekiel is agent for the Stono Phosphate Company at this place, and is making rapid sales.

As a result of the big fire, the town is spreading, especially in a north-easterly direction. Many new cottages are going up.

We are pained to learn of the death, from pneumonia, on the 21st instant, of Capt. Peter W. Avinger, an esteemed citizen of Orangeburg county.

Kirk Robinson has moved into his new store, where he will always keep on hand a good supply of books, stationery, &c.

Quitting advertising in dull times is like tearing out a dam because the water is low. Either plan will prevent good times from ever coming.

Go to George S. Hackers to get your doors, blinds, &c. He has a full supply always on hand. See his advertisement in another column.

Rev. J. B. Campbell delivered an interesting lecture on temperance, in the basement of the Presbyterian church on Tuesday evening. We are glad to note the steady increase of the Temperance society here, and hope it will do much good.

The Sunny South, is the title of a new literary paper published in Atlanta, Ga., which being well edited, looks for a liberal support. We trust it will not be disappointed; but we are sure it won't do to depend on patriotism.

The Presbyterians have established an orphanage at Clinton, South Carolina, called the Thornwell Orphanage. A granite building is erected for the purpose, on a farm of one hundred and thirty acres. In the broad spirit of true Christianity, it is open for children of all denominations.

The Young America Fire Company celebrated their anniversary on Monday afternoon by parading through our principal streets under the escort of their brother firemen, the Elliotts. Both companies looked remarkably well, composed, as they are, of the most public spirited young men of our burg; young men who, although they have little at stake themselves, are willing to sacrifice and labor for the good of their fellow-citizens.

We understand that the usual supper was dispensed with, both on account of our recent calamity, and a desire to save money to go toward the purchase of a steam engine. This is a worthy motive, and if these young

men are willing to do the work, the property holders should certainly be willing to furnish the money. We cannot expect improvements without spending money.

After the parade, the Young America's held their annual meeting, and the election of officers for the ensuing year resulted as follows:

President—Samuel Dibble.
Vice-President—J. P. Harley.
1st Director—Geo. Boliver.
2d Director—E. S. Hubble.
3d Director—F. S. Dibble.
4th Director—J. M. Frith.
Secretary—J. S. Heidtman.
Treasurer—Henry Kohn.
Solicitor—J. F. Izlar.
Surgeon—Dr. A. C. Dukes.
Axemen—Augustus Fischer and Earnest Mentzel.

Geo. H. Cornelson, Esq., has gone into his new store, and is filling it with a splendid stock of goods, just arriving from the North. He also advertises a full supply of guanos. Go to Cornelson's if you want to save money. He has everything you want.

See notice of the dissolution of the firm of Strauss & Street, and of the formation of a new firm under the name of J. Strauss & Co. Jas. H. Fowles, Esq., has become a member of the new firm. The combination, we think is an excellent one, all the parties being good business and working men. They will carry on a rice, grist and saw mill. We heartily wish them success.

We understand that the United States Post Office Commissioner, who has been several days investigating our post office affairs, expresses himself as fully satisfied with the condition of things. This is complimentary to Mr. Williams and Mr. Ezekiel, and we extend them our congratulations. There is no pleasure equal to that of the consciousness of duty faithfully discharged, it matters little whether it is appreciated or not.

What has become of the Funny Fellows? Spring time and summer will soon be coming, and it would be a pleasant pastime for our citizens to have an occasional evening's entertainment. If the Funny Fellows have died out, why not organize a society for social amusements. We think a society, furnishing, say a weekly treat, in the way of tableaux or theatricals of a moral character, may not only be agreeable but instructive and beneficial.

Mr. A. Moorer Inabinet complains that he does not get his paper. We mention the fact because we want to know what becomes of it. We know that Mr. Inabinet's paper has been regularly mailed from this office, and that the fault is not with us. We don't pretend to say who is to blame; but we call attention to the subject in the hope that we may thereby gain some light.

The libel cases against the News and Courier have been referred to a special term, appointed by Judge Reed for the 19th of April. The News and Courier is ably represented by General James Connor and Hon. W. D. Porter. Solicitor Buttz and District Attorney Corbin will conduct the prosecution. Buttz seems to hang more on the charge of murder against Bowen than of his forging pay-rolls; but Gen. Connor very coolly assures him that he will prove overwhelmingly the truth of every position taken.

ORANGEBURG AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

On last Saturday we had the pleasure of attending a meeting of this Society at the Fair building, and we were more impressed than ever with the practical benefits of such organizations for the dissemination of useful knowledge and the fostering of a kindly and social feeling among the agricultural brotherhood. After the regular business was over, a very interesting paper from Dr. Barton was read, throwing out suggestions and giving questions for the society to debate. Dr. Barton, unfortunately, was at home sick, but even in his sickness he showed, in several substantial ways, that his heart and all his energies were with the society.

Mr. John L. Moorer occupied the chair and offered to the society, as a subject of debate, two of the questions suggested in Dr. Barton's letter, which brought out a very interesting and instructive discussion as to the proper distance to plant corn, and gave the experience of the members on the sub-

ject of oats. The debate was participated in by Messrs. Thos. E. Dukes, M. L. Baldwin, Jas. H. Fowles, L. R. Beckwith, Wesley Culler, H. M. Moorer, John Salley, — Riley, — Tharin, — Mackay, and others.

After this the society went into the discussion of a lunch given by President Barton, and although we left before this, we can well imagine that it was handsomely disposed of. There is no doubt if so much humor and pleasantry occasionally cropped out even in the discussion of dry corn and oats, things must have been more racy when the theme changed to wheat, rice, &c., served up with the necessary condiments.

Don't forget that it requires money to run a paper. Our subscribers in arrears will please remember us.

WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY

Was celebrated in Charleston with ceremonies of an unusually imposing character. A handsome flag, prepared by gentlemen of Charleston, was presented to the National Zouaves by Judge Reed in a star-spangled banner speech. A polished oration on the character of Washington was delivered by Hon. W. D. Porter, which was received with enthusiastic applause. A re-union took place in the evening, at which eloquent responses to complimentary sentiments were made by General W. G. DeSaussure, Judge Aldrich, Col. Simonton and others.

The entertainment concluded by the Post band playing the familiar airs "Yankee Doodle" and "Dixie."

Two street lamps have recently been put up in Orangeburg, through private enterprise. One at Wallace Cannon's, and the other between Dr. Dukes' and W. K. Crook's. In this act these gentlemen have done a benefit to the public, and deserve the thanks of the citizens. They have set a good example, which we hope will be followed; for they have not "put their lights under a bushel," but upon an eminence, so that "they give light to all that are in the" street, and illumine our dark and crooked ways.

We knew that Mr. Cannon was a sane man, and would always try to do the right thing, as well as Dr. Dukes and Mr. Crook. We trust that there are more than ten fair and just men in the city, who will not be satisfied to be thus outdone in well doing.

LOST.

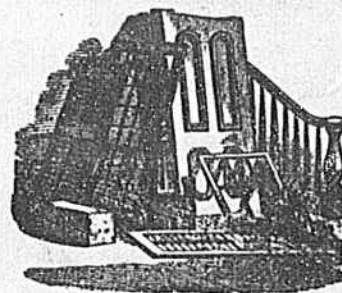
ON SUNDAY NIGHT, A POCKET-BOOK, containing six school claims, to the amount of \$350.00, and \$50.00 in cash with several due bills. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving the same at my office.

J. HAMMOND FORDHAM,
Feb. 25-1 Trial Justice.

ENCOURAGE HOME ENTERPRISE

AND HOME PEOPLE.

Doors, Sash and Blinds.



Geo. S. Hacker,
CHARLESTON, S. C.

Only Carolinian engaged in the manufacture of Doors, Sash, Blinds, Mouldings, Turned Work, in Charleston, S. C. Prices as low as any other house, and work all first class.

Feb. 25, 1875-1y

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE, S. C. R. R.

CHARLESTON, S. C. Feb. 7, 1875.
On and after Sunday, Feb. 7, the Passenger Trains on the South Carolina Railroad will run as follows:

FOR COLUMBIA.	
Leave Charleston	7.00 a m
Arrive at Columbia	2.15 p m
FOR AUGUSTA.	
Leave Charleston	7.00 a m
Arrive at Augusta	2.15 p m
FOR CHARLESTON.	
Leave Columbia	4.30 p m
Arrive at Charleston	11.30 p m
Leave Augusta	4.30 p m
Arrive at Charleston	11.30 p m
Columbia Night Express (Sundays excepted)	
Leave Charleston	7.00 p m
Arrive at Columbia	6.45 a m
Leave Columbia	7.10 p m
Arrive at Charleston	6.30 a m
Augusta Night Express (Sundays excepted)	
Leave Charleston	8.00 p m
Arrive at Augusta	7.50 a m
Leave Augusta	6.00 p m
Arrive at Charleston	5.40 a m

Camden Trains connects at Kingville daily (except Sundays) with Day Passenger Train and runs through to Columbia on Mondays Wednesdays and Saturdays.
S. B. PICKENS, G. T. A.

A FULL SUPPLY
OF

LANDREDTHS GARDEN SEED,

Just Received

AT THE

Grange Store.

E. EZEKIEL,
AGENT

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

The firm of STRAUSS & STREET is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All parties indebted to the firm will make payment to Mr. James H. Fowles, who is authorized to make settlement for us. J. STRAUSS,
J. A. STREET.

Orangeburg, S. C., February 24th, 1875.

COPARTNERSHIP.

The undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, under the firm name of J. STRAUSS & CO., for the purpose of conducting a RICE and GRIST MILL and SAW MILL business. J. STRAUSS,
J. A. STREET,
JAS. H. FOWLES.

Orangeburg, S. C., February 24th 1875-3t

GLOVER & GLOVER.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

Office opposite Court House Square.

Orangeburg, S. C.

T. W. GLOVER, MORTIMER GLOVER,

JULIUS GLOVER.

Feb. 19

ANNOUNCEMENT

ON and after the First day of February next, I will be prepared to receive

BOARDERS

IN connection with my Day School. I will take either Boys or Girls.

JAMES S. HEYWARD,

Principal,

ORANGEBURG ACADEMY.

Nov. 19

ATTENTION FARMERS!

I am ready to fill orders for

Peruvian Guanape,

ATLANTIC PHOSPHATE,

MAPE'S PHOSPHATE;

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THE

STONO PHOSPHATE CO.

OF CHARLESTON, S. C.

WILLIAMS, BLACK & WILLIAMS, Agts.

No. 3 Cotton Exchange

SOUTH ATLANTIC WHARF.

These first class Fertilizers, carefully prepared under the special supervision of our chemist, Dr. St. Julien Ravenel, are now offered at reduced rates.

THE STONO SOLUBLE GUANO

Is a thoroughly-ammoniated Fertilizer.

THE STONO ACID PHOSPHATE

Is excellent for composting, or or in the drill with seed. Special rates will be made with all purchasers for Cash Orders. Address

E. C. WILLIAMS, Treasurer,

Key Box 486, Charleston, S. C.

Agent at Orangeburg,

dec. 24-3m E. EZEKIEL.

Important News to

PLANTERS!

GREAT

REDUCTION IN PRICES

IN VIEW of the low prices of

timber, we have the present

season, and in order to place our

Guano within the reach of every planter,

we have greatly reduced our prices.

They will be sold as follows.

THE

CAROLINA FERTILIZER

CASH PRICE

Per ton of 2,000 lbs., \$4

Payable May 1st, 1875.

TIME PRICE.

Per ton of 2,000 lbs., \$5

Payable Nov. 1st, 1875, Free of Interest.

THE BRADLEY'S

PATENT PHOSPHATE

CASH PRICE.

Per ton of 2,000 lbs., -

Payable May 1st, 1875.

TIME PRICE.

Per ton of 2,000 lbs., -